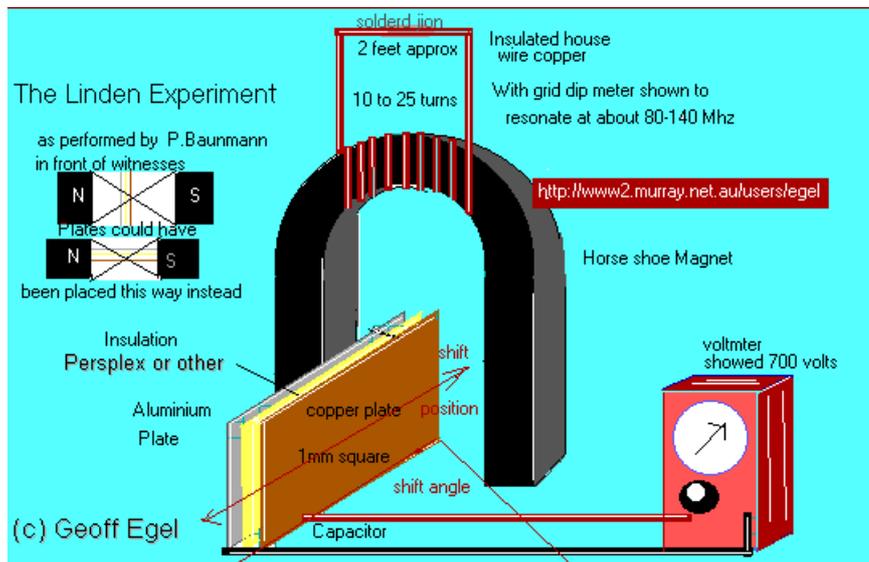


The Swiss ML Testakica

close X



This machine was constructed about 15 years ago in a commune near Bern Switzerland and could have the answers to our energy needs .

Unfortunately the members of the community has expressed a desire to keep the details of the device from the general public ,due their belief it could be used by military authorities to harm humanity.

Whilst visitors have been welcome most have been disappointed by the fact that the community no longer demonstrates the device to the public , so it seems other researchers must find the secret to this amazing device.

What little is known is presented here.

I have Pal version video showing this device in operation more details are on our free giveaway encyclopedia of free energy available from the freebies link at this web site and from the following link

The Unit is started by hand by revolving the two disks in opposite directions and continues to move without further input.

This device has only two moving parts namely the bearing races at the centre of the disk.

The disk are made of clear plastic upon which are placed flat a series of fifty blade type steel or aluminium sections equally spaced around the middle sections of each disk.

The speed of the revolving disks is about 50 to 60 rpm limited to this by magnetic impulses from the magnetic section on the rim.

To those that have seen this powerhouse in operation it is certain that useable power is being extracted from the environment and some is being used to run the machine.

This is an energy system which relies on the self moving wimhurst electro static generator for the high voltage and somehow the members of this commune have found a way to extract ,amplify and convert this energy to powerful useful levels.

The Swiss M/I converter is based on a modified wimhurst electrostatic machine.

My people have seen the swiss m/i converter in operation but to do date no one has been able to understand

My people have seen the swiss m/l converter in operation but to do date no one has been able to understand or successfully reproduced the results as claim by the Swiss commune group Methernitha in Linden .

But to one fortunate individual had a visit to Paul B.who is claimed to have had said that if they could understand the above following experiment they would be close to understanding how the device was able to work.(as illustrated above)

It consists of two plates of metal one aluminium the other copper separated by a insulator of some unknown material could be paper or plastic(unknown)

It also included a horse shoe magnet wrapped with a coil of wire and both ends soldered together.

Paul B placed this capacitor made of the differing metals between the poles of a horse shoe magnet and then asked a witnesses to connect the plates to two probes of a voltmeter to each plate and to their surprise found a voltage of seven hundred volts which occasionally dropped in value..

I have communicated with some people how have performed the above experiment with little result however.

WHAT I THINK HAPPENED ALTHOUGH I DON'T KNOW FOR SURE

PB may have conditioned the insulator of perspex or other similiar insulator by the following means without revealing what he had had done.

It is known that if you heat perspex or lucite until soft to touch and becomes tacky and you then subject the heated mass to

a high voltage field via means of metal plates on each side of perspex mass and leave it there until the perspex is cool .Removing the applied high voltage charge

an electrostatic high voltage charge may still be continously taken from those metal plates

something like this also happens with the electrostatic microphones in modern tape recorders..

What part the magnet and the coil and differing face metal plates plays in additional to the electrostatic charge is yet to be determined by yours truly.

Looking at other parts of the machine the pickup fields that don't touch the spinning disks are also made up of perforated Aluminium separated with a perspex insulated and withcopper behind it.

I would like to know if any one has performed the above experiment and got a successful result.

BASED OF THE WIMSHURST MACHINE

The theory of operation of a wimhurst machine is is. The disks are of plastic, glass, hard rubber or in one case I saw old phonograph records.

The contra rotating disk causes air molecules to become electrically activated by the fictional movement of the air both disks causes.

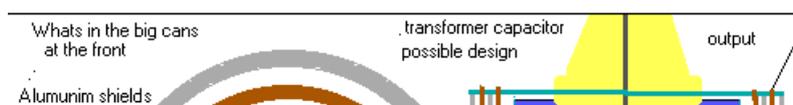
This rotating action causes the disks to become continually charged and an electrostatic charge builds up, causing a flash over.

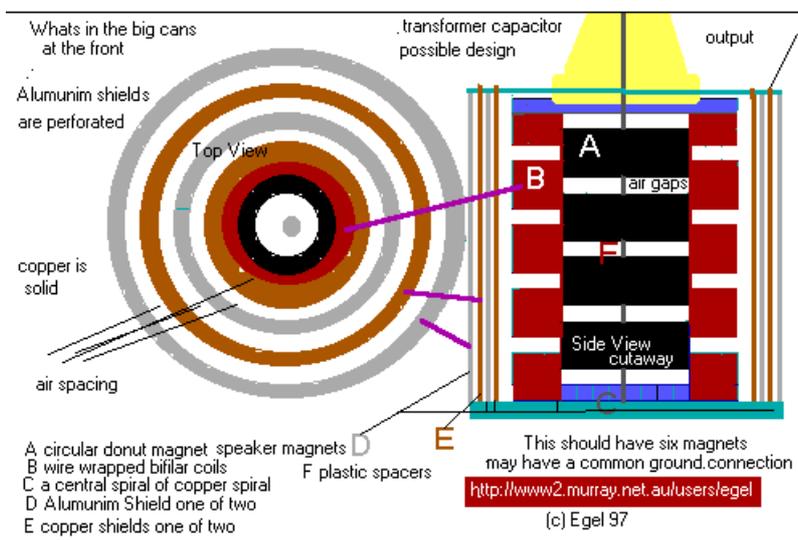
To stop this flash over, a series of foil sections are attached to the centre portion of each disk and equally spaced and back to back with foil sections on the outer sides.

To remove the charge, collection arms are arranged to collect the charge and transfers the charge to a storage capacitor. At 45 degrees to these collection points is a neutralising bar that extends to full length of the disk and has brushes at both ends. A neutralising brush equals the charges on the metal foil position at both positions on both sides.

The neutralising bar on opposite side disk is at ninety degrees to the one for the other side.

WHATS IN THE BIG CAN





For many the cans in front of the Testakica have proved to be a bit of a mystery.

From information I have obtained the general opinion is that the above diagram is close to explaining what in the twin cans. It seems to a combination of two copper cylinders interlaid with two perforated alumina screens

In the middle are six or more doughnut magnets upon which are wrapped coils some think they could be bifilar in nature.

Between each magnet there is an air gap made possible by the plastic spacers between each of them.

In the middle of the magnets there is a single spiral of copper or aluminium metal.

It is possible although not confirmed that there is a common ground at the bottom of each can connecting all these elements.

Don't quote me on this but it reminds me of an automotive transformed connected in reverse and shielded with copper and aluminium shielding.

I not sure what roles the magnets provide but tesla used a magnet field in his designs to give a dc voltage output like modern day rectifiers in some of his AC circuits.

The magnets may also work similiar to work carried out by Captain Hans Coler.



Some facts know about this machine.

Constant Power output 230 volts at 13 amperes for a 3kw rating pulsed DC

Dimensions 110cm wide 45 cm deep 60cm high

43.23 wide 17.68 deep weight approximately 20kg/ or 44 lbs X23.58

Self propulsion by way of the esf flow principle of motorised brushes to revolve the twin disks.

the machine is started by hand revolving the disk after this no additional input power is required.

Once unit is functioning it is not able to be moved with the machine coming to a stop.

The temperature in the area of the machine tends to become cooler.

P.B. seems to be in the area next to or by the machine when first started.

P.B. seems to be in the area next to or by the machine when first started.

Additional Information

There also seem to be a four inch single disk version that gave out 300 watts but I know only little of this at the moment.

Although not always seen a small motor is used to turn both disks at a constant speed in opposite directions in both devices.

From the weird science on the other sites section you can downland several small mpeg videos of the machine in operation. I have a 25 minute video of the Swiss ML in operation in the Australian Pal format.

I am continually searching for addition information about this device and if there is anyone who has additional information on it's construction and operation I would be most grateful as I have already built a wimhurst machine ,I would now like to construct a ML machine.

If you have any information on this device and you send it to me it will be kept confidential if you so wish.

Letters

.Some late information I have recieved (28/Sept/97) unconfirmed.

The correspondent has written to me

I currently think the energy comes from a different dimension, and that a toroidal-type oscillating magnetic field can be a catalyst for an energy transfer. (This is a loose and poor description)" In the middle of the magnet stacks in the large containers could be a "wire". Now, this is what Don Kelly from S.E.A. tells me. an electrode like the one Prof. Stefan Marinov described in the small machine. In a post card Prof. S. M. Said, "The capacitors have a cylindrical grid, cylindrical plastic insulator and a copper spiral in the center. I saw in one of the small machines there are NO MAGNETS."

About the permanent magnets, The chief technician (Luzi Cathomen) told a freind of mine (The Linden Report 1994)that the ends of the magnets or in the cass of the magnet stacks between the magnets seems to work the best. The toriod coil could just be used for energy storage but I don't know.

If you or some one else could get the Linden Experiment (according to U.P.Sander)to work then the Testatika could be explained. Insted of a two foot loop try hooking your Wim. static generator up to the Wires around the hours shoe magnet then try placing the flat Cu. Al. capacitor between the poles. may be d/c power would come out insted of the static electricity going in.

Report supplied by Albert Hauser

Report: Methernitha Linden, Switzerland.

Together with my two companions, I visited the community Methernitha in Linden, on the 14th February 1986.

During our 4 hour long visit, we did following observations. First, my shorted report was printed in our association newspaper "DIFOT-News" no. 5, May 1986, later in UFO-Contact no. 6, 1986 and last the English version from the same publisher, February 1987. The persons in Linden asked me to be patient in publishing our observations via the big magazines.

During the ongoing time I have had the possibility to compare my ideas with the other visitors. Further we have seen rather good pictures, and reports from other visitors. These have been printed in bigger news letters allready.

Even relatively many persons have seen the tecnology already, until now the shown technic isn't understood.

To avoid misunderstandings, bad reputations and also to avoid the possiblities for misuse of the system I have decided to give my opinion this concerning

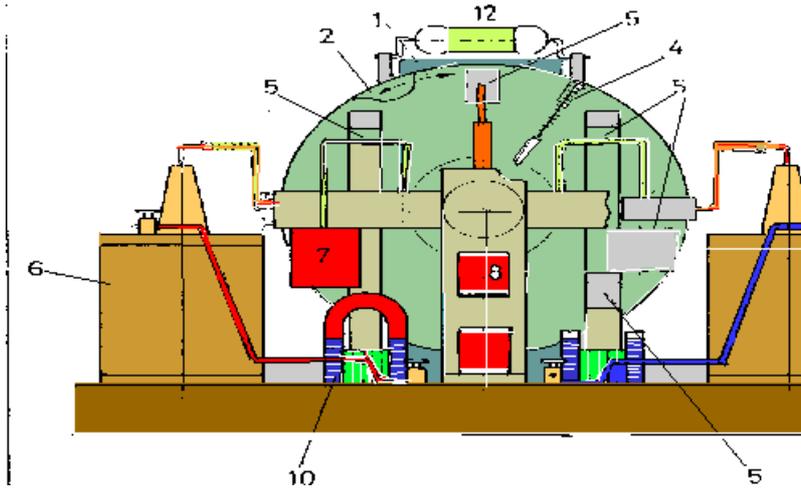
misuse of the system, I have decided to give my opinion, this concerning.

Based on the quistions to our hosts we received following respos:

They described themself as primitive Christians. - A community counting approx. 200 persons, living "biblical" together, with their own school, machine factory, market-garden and also a film studio.

That's the reason why they didn't want to publish the developed technic, which has taken approx. 25 years to develop. - Especially because they were afraid of the possibility of misuse, - also from the weapon-industry.

It's maybe wellknown, that the device has to be hand-started and thereafter the machine is self-running.



1	rectifier	12
1	magnet	11
2	horseshoe magnet	10
2	pipe with spiral	9
2	capacitor	8
2	capacitor	7
2	big capacitor	6
8-16	electrode	5
3x50	lamella	4
1	gear wheel	3
1	back disk	2
1	front	1
pcs		pos
Albert Hauser ingenior og maskinfabrikant		1:5
Influence converter 3.5Kw 300V DC		1.8.1988 AH 3279

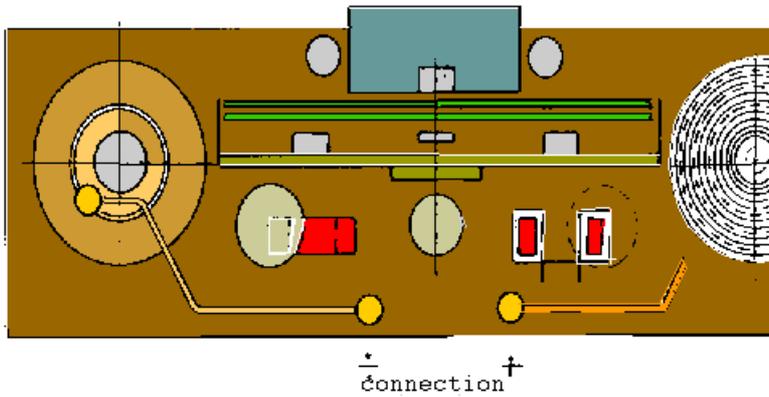
The performance is partly known, and corresponding data is stated on my drawing.

During our visit, the big machine was tested with a 1.000 watt glow-lamp. (there was also a smaller machine)

The machine(s) was mainly constructed of traditional parts and materials.

The shown machine weighed approx. 20kg. - The foundation plate was of wood and the rest was mostly made of plexiglas.





pos. 1 Plexiglas disk $\phi 500 \times 5$ mm with 50 chrome-steel lamellas, approximately $0,2 \times 20 \times 160$ mm, placed on the outside surface. - This was called "the cloud"

pos. 2 Correspondingly big disk of the same material, but in a darker colour, but running in the opposite direction, and with lamellas placed on both the sides.
- This was called "the ground"

pos. 3 Magnet wheel against a timing gear for braking the disks pos. no. 1 and 2.
(Controlling the speed at 60rpm)

The disks was connected with a flexible belt transmission.

pos. 4 The lamellas was a little magnetized and made of a material/or coated for protection against corona oxidation.

pos . 5

All lamellas are made of perforated sheets of metal and all without touching the disks. There is 8 pcs on the front of the disks and maybe also 8 pcs on the back side.

The last mentioned is'nt placed parallel with the disks. - The electrodes is turned edging in a radius, and by turns assembled in lays of perforated plates and isolating plates.

pos. 6 Concentric acryl pipes between 3 perforated sheeded pipes (metal-coating and in the center a bifilar coil around a magnet-tupe.

pos. 7 and pos. 8. - A smaller lying "capacitor"

pos. 9 A glass-tupe around an aluminium spiral, which really was a revolving shaving.

Dos. 10 Horse shoe magnets with coils which are turned bifilar, - and between the shoe-legs several lays of isolating sheets and perforated metal sheets.

pos. 12 Possibly a rectifier. - An oblong piece of perforated metal plate placed vertically and around a coil. The glass cover contains one or several crystals.

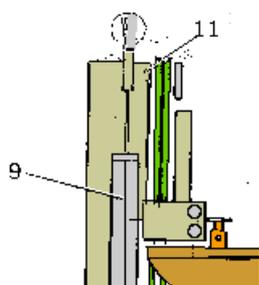
In accordance with the notes from other visitors, the end-caps are magnetic.

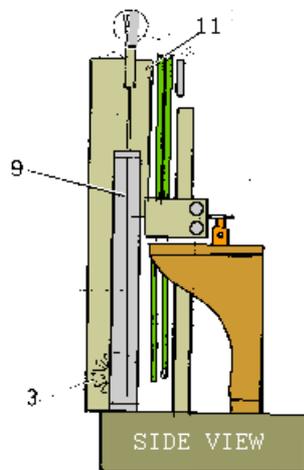
In my opinion, the system isn't evacuated, because a smaller machine had a quite open rectifier.

The electric connections between the single parts can only be mentioned uncompletely.

But the likeness with the old "Wimhurst machine" is clear. Here we have several electrodes. (Wimhurst have totally 6, and 4 of them are touching).

The horizontally placed electrodes are - like "Wimhurst" transmitting the high voltage itself to pos. 6.





There is a question concerning the center magnet or the coatings. - The many coatings are internally connected, - also to pos. 7 and 8, and partly also to other parts, like pos. 9, 10 and 12.

The useable performance, shown on the drawings with the + and - connections, and on the coloured photos with red and blue wirings, looks like as if they were connected from 2 metal rings placed on the top of pos. 6.

In accordance with the reports from other visitors, the thick wooden foundation plate should be made in turns of lays of perforated plates and isolating plates.

Also they started a smaller machine which was running in 2 hours. - We tested the machine with only measuring instruments. - It means to say, that we didn't load the machine with any resistance. - I think the performance is maybe 200 watt.

Surprising, but this model was'nt so heavy, only approx. 1 kg. - The size of the disk was only approx. 12 cm, and the construction was much more simple. (few "capacitors" only)

The self running mechanism was constructed of a little traditional DC-motor, which for the use was winded with thinner thread.

Information below added as of 26 January 1998

Some Recent Information to hand from

[JNaudin](#)

This device use a kind of PCM (Pulse Current Multiplier) for converting EHV (Electrostatic High Voltage) to Low voltages/High current. The PCM device uses some Radium doped capacitors with a radioactive dielectric (like the Bruce Perreault valve) connected in parallel with some step down transformers....The small vacuum energy fluctuations produced in the dielectric by the radioactive material between the plates (Thanks to Casimir (...?)) of these capacitors create an induced voltage in the stepdown transformer connected in parallel. The EHV from the Wimshurst machine is used only for creating the initial E-potential (like the Moray radiant energy converter...). The main mechanical design is a kind of enhanced Wimshurst machine that we can find in all common freeNRG books (Borderland, Childress, Tesla Book...). The loopback can be closed because some DC current produced by this machine is used for powering the rotating magnetic motor hidden in the main design..... You may find find the latest Testatika diagram from Nelson Camus in the "NET-JOURNAL" No 2/12 (December 97) and also the complete feedback about the TransAltec Conference (on 6 dec 97) in Zuerich with some pictures and comments about some demonstrations that I have done during this meeting...

[Converting EVH To LVHC Patent](#)

This patent contains the main principles for tapping ZPE by using a kind of Electrostatic machine and also explain how to convert EVH to LVHC.... Nothing Weird or Magic.....This is only Advanced Physics... :-)

Testatika Generator

It is the first scientific method to convert electrostatic into electrodynamic power:

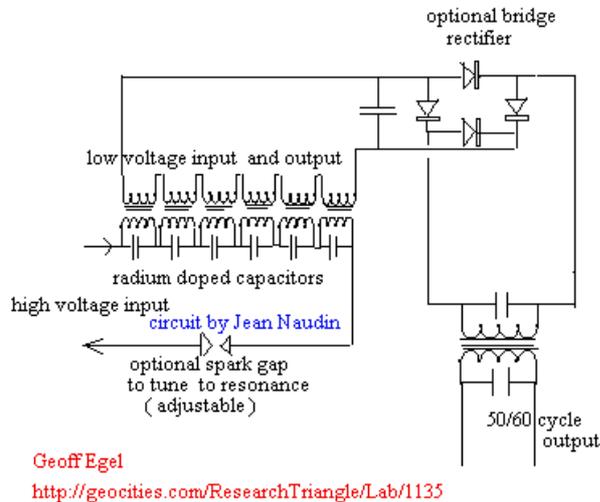
Fuel: Radium Chloride

Method of Conversion : 2 Wheel brushes in motion in different ways.

Wimhursts Capacitor: Electro static capacitor store power

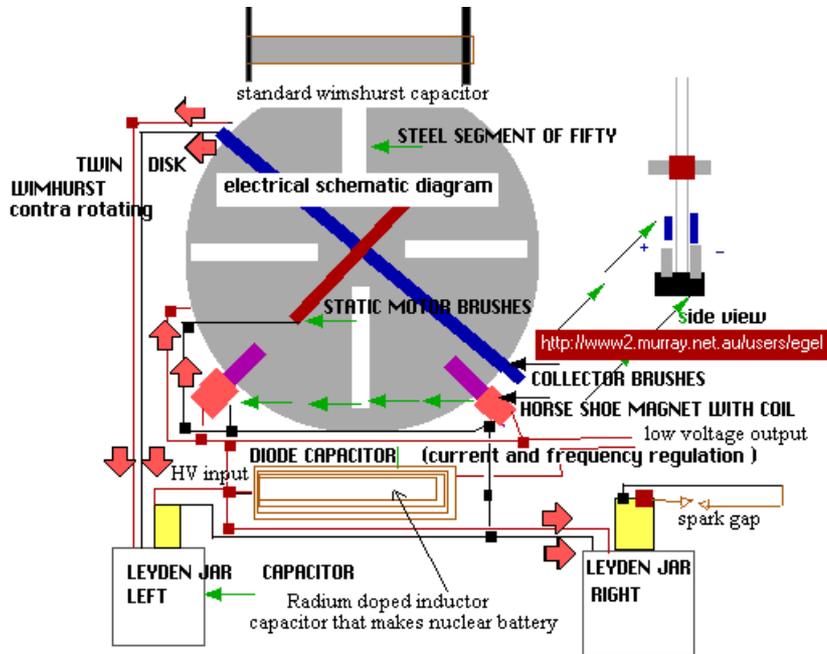
Leyden Jar : Normal DC capacitors of Farad by 300 volts DC

Below is circuit diagram suggested by Jean Naudin showing how the high voltage can be converted to a lower voltage and suggested method of getting free energy using radium doped dielectric in the capacitors.



The diagram below is usually regarded as a discredited drawing but the radium doped capacitor is something new in this now old drawing.

The truth is somewhere in the middle maybe.



Re: TESTATIKA (SWISS ML) MACHINE

A similar device will be demonstrated at the next EXOTIC RESEARCH conference. This conference will run four days. July 23 to July 26 1998

Calvin B. from International High Tech. is now in the process of building this device. We are able to build this as recent information has been obtained from The Boston Musium of Science. At the end of the conference we will tell ALL!

[Bruce A. Perreau](#)

Correspondence received March 1998 I have received this letter from a contact some parts identify people has been deleted.

March 10 99

an extract follows.

Now to the ML converters in general When I talked to two the two engineers Sauder and Snicker who had made measurements on earlier models. I mentioned those variations and fantastic assumptions made by other researchers.

Then S and S looked at me and started to smile.They said that the constructions done by those who tried to copy the machines in one or other manner are " on the wrong track " Taking a photograph (or a video and making a Japanese copy is the wrong way to do it.!

Sheer guesswork is not the way to get a result!

Sheer guesswork is not the way to get a result!

The principle must be understood!! Sauder sad that the converters they had tested were extremely simple! eg the big jars or capacitive "pots"(of earlier models)" were plastic containers filled aluminium shavings like those you get when you turn a rod of material on a lathe. Also there was not a so called rectifier diode on top; it was a kind of solenoid with a movable jumper ,like that of a potentiometer or variable inductor. Baumann had to tune that jumper after S & S had partially disassembled and inspected one of the machines.

It is a pity that engineers although competent in their proper disciplines do not observe precisely and memorise what they have been working on ! This also with S and S, not an exception .

Nevertheless I can trust (not believe) what Sauder tells me.

Here an argument why Methernitha was certainly not showing a Hoax The elephant still does not work. It seems to me that the Methernitha have gone now through the phase of mystic physics".

At present they have to get back the money they have spent for the new factory and the setting up of the electronics production; This only comes by hard and realistic work.

It may be a configuration I have thought of when I came back to Linden in September 1994 . Here we again see coils, permanent magnets, a capacitor .When we consider where the Testakica power comes from in the first place. then it are those "pots" on the sides! Whatever the excitation of these combinations might be ,T/he secret lays in the pots. Paul Baumann had his reasons why he uses high voltage excitation. It is how he started and never abandoned this scheme. When you look at the elephant with its 2 meter disks and what is mechanically involved - it is a real mess and over killing. The elephant might even never run as expected.

Here I should say, again that I trust much more the technique with magnets than with wimshurst disks. My friend Werner Kunz recently got a strong stoke from a 20000 volt charged capacitor.. He told me he could hear the angels signing.

With magnetic circuits there is less danger and magnets can hold much more energy than capacitors. The Volkrodt circuits seam the right path to follow. The explanations given in his 1985 paper sound logical, although I have not gone though the calculation and formulas.

I am mainly an experimenter. What I can prove by measurement I can trust! I am definitely facts oriented. All other beliefs are out of my consideration. End of extract
